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| --- | --- |
|  | **Quit** - /kwɪt/ - to stop doing or using something; to leave a job or organization. |
|  | **Quite** - /kwaɪt/ - to a considerable extent; completely or entirely. |
|  | Why – because - /waɪ/ - used to ask for a reason or explanation, followed by /bɪˈkɒz/ or /bɪˈkʌz/ to give a reason or explanation. |
|  | **Part** – **whole** - /pɑːt/ /həʊl/ - a component or piece of something; complete or entire. |
|  | Again - /əˈɡɛn/ - another time; once more. |
|  | Against - /əˈɡɛnst/ - in opposition to; contrary to. |
|  | **To** **argue** - /ˈɑːɡjuː/ - to present reasons or evidence in support of or against an idea or proposition; to engage in a disagreement or debate. |
|  | **Decide** - /dɪˈsaɪd/ - to make a choice or come to a conclusion after considering different options or possibilities. |
|  | **Throw** - /θrəʊ/ - to project or propel something through the air with force; to discard or get rid of something. |
|  | Catch- /kʌtʃ/ - a brown dye or pigment derived from the heartwood of certain trees. |
|  | Coach - /kəʊtʃ/ - a person who trains and directs an athlete or team in a particular sport; a large, comfortable horse-drawn carriage. |
|  | **Fill up**/in/out - /fɪl/ /ʌp/ /ɪn/ /aʊt/ - to add more of a substance to something until it is full; to complete a form or document with necessary information. |
|  | **Feel / feelings** - /fiːl/ - to experience an emotion or sensation; an emotional state or reaction to a particular situation. |
|  | Cup / cap - /kʌp/ /kæp/ - a small, bowl-shaped container used for drinking or holding liquids; a head covering, typically with a brim and crown. |
|  | Guest - /ɡɛst/ - a person who is invited to stay in someone's home or participate in an event as an honored attendee. |
|  | Guess - /ɡɛs/ - to estimate or conjecture without sufficient information; to form an opinion or conclusion based on incomplete or uncertain evidence. |
|  | **Spend / waste / save** - /spɛnd/ /weɪst/ /seɪv/ - to use money or resources to buy or do something; to use resources in a way that is not productive or efficient; to keep resources for future use. |
|  | **Together / separate** - /təˈɡɛðə/ /ˈsɛpəreɪt/ - in a group or with each other; not together or apart from each other. |
|  | **Recognize** - /ˈrɛkəɡnaɪz/ - to identify or acknowledge someone or something as known or previously experienced; to give credit or acknowledgement for a particular achievement or contribution. |
|  | Front / back - /frʌnt/ /bæk/ - the side or surface that is facing forward or towards the viewer; the side or surface that is facing away from the viewer. |
|  | In front / behind - /ɪn/ /frʌnt/ |
|  | Case - /keɪs/ - a particular situation or example of something |
|  | **Engage** - /ɪnˈɡeɪdʒ/ - to participate or become involved in something |
|  | **On my way** - /ɒn maɪ weɪ/ - traveling towards a destination |
|  | **While** - /waɪl/ - during a particular time or period |
|  | In / out - /ɪn/ /aʊt/ - inside or outside of a particular space or place |
|  | **Prove** - /pruːv/ - to demonstrate or show the truth or existence of something |
|  | Pay attention - /peɪ əˈtɛnʃən/ - to focus or concentrate on something |
|  | **At all** - /æt ɔːl/ - in any way or to any extent |
|  | Basement - /ˈbeɪsmənt/ - a room or space in a building that is below ground level |
|  | Diary - /ˈdaɪəri/ - a book or electronic record for recording personal experiences or thoughts. |
|  | Step - stairs: /stɛp/ - a movement made by lifting one foot and putting it down in a different place, typically using stairs or steps. |
|  | Up / down: /ʌp/ /daʊn/ - directional words indicating a change in height or position. |
|  | **Where? Here - There**: /wɛr/ /hɪr/ /ðɛr/ - interrogative and demonstrative words indicating location. |
|  | Talk: /tɔːk/ - to communicate verbally with someone. |
|  | Speak: /spiːk/ - to articulate words in order to convey information or express ideas. |
|  | Tell: /tɛl/ - to communicate information, facts or news to someone. |
|  | Talking about: /ˈtɔːkɪŋ/ /əˈbaʊt/ - discussing or mentioning a particular topic or subject. |
|  | **Pour** / poor: /pɔːr/ /pʊər/ - homophonic words with different meanings. Pour means to cause a liquid to flow from a container, while poor means lacking sufficient resources or wealth. |
|  | **Back bone**: /ˈbækˌbəʊn/ - the series of vertebrae extending from the skull to the pelvis; a metaphor for strength or support. |
|  | Bone: /bəʊn/ - the hard, rigid connective tissue forming the skeleton of vertebrates. |
|  | Blood: /blʌd/ - the red liquid that circulates in the arteries and veins of humans and other vertebrate animals, carrying oxygen to and carbon dioxide from the tissues of the body. |
|  | Daily: /ˈdeɪli/ - occurring every day or happening once a day. |
|  | Routine: /ruːˈtiːn/ - a sequence of actions regularly followed; a customary or habitual set of tasks. |
|  | **Share**: /ʃɛə/ - to have a portion of something with others; to give a part of something to someone else. |
|  | **Send – receive**: /sɛnd/ /rɪˈsiːv/ - to transmit or dispatch something to someone and to accept or take delivery of something from someone. |
|  | Catch the bus: /kætʃ/ /ðə/ /bʌs/ - to get on a bus before it departs from a station or stop. |
|  | Walk: /wɔːk/ - to move on foot at a regular and fairly slow pace by lifting and setting down each foot in turn. |
|  | Work: /wɜːk/ - activity involving mental or physical effort done to achieve a purpose or result. |
|  | Hang on: /hæŋ/ /ɒn/ - to wait or pause for a moment; to hold tightly onto something. |
|  | Hang out: /hæŋ/ /aʊt/ - to spend time with someone or in a particular place, especially for social purposes. |
|  | Surf the internet: /sɜːf/ /ðiː/ /ˈɪntənɛt/ - to use the internet to search for and explore different websites and online content. |
|  | **Belong**: /bɪˈlɒŋ/ - to be the property of; to be a member or part of a particular group or organization. |
|  | Air: /ɛər/ - the invisible gaseous substance surrounding the earth, a mixture mainly of oxygen and nitrogen. |
|  | Land: /lænd/ - the part of the earth's surface that is not covered by water; to bring a vehicle or aircraft to the ground. |
|  | Endangered species - /ɪnˈdeɪndʒərd ˈspiːʃiːz/ - A species of animal or plant that is at risk of becoming extinct due to threats such as habitat loss, climate change, or human activities. |
|  | **Species/kind** - /ˈspiːʃiːz/ - A group of living organisms consisting of similar individuals capable of exchanging genes or interbreeding. |
|  | Environment - /ɪnˈvaɪrənmənt/ - The natural world around us, including living and nonliving things, that affect and are affected by an organism. |
|  | Maybe - /ˈmeɪbi/ - Possibly; perhaps. |
|  | **Some time** - /sʌm taɪm/ - At an unspecified time in the future. |
|  | Oil - /ɔɪl/ - A viscous liquid derived from petroleum, used as fuel, lubricant, and many other purposes. |
|  | **Agree** - /əˈɡriː/ - To have the same opinion, be in harmony or conformity. |
|  | **Wish** - /wɪʃ/ - To express a desire or hope for something to happen or be done. |
|  | **Often/rare** - /ˈɒf(ə)n/ /reər/ - Happening or occurring frequently; not common or usual. |
|  | **Swallow** - /ˈswɒləʊ/ - To cause (food, drink, pills) to pass from the mouth into the stomach by using the muscles of the throat. |
|  | Before/after - /bɪˈfɔːr/ /ˈɑːftər/ - Earlier or later in time than; in front of or following in order or position. |
|  | Change my mind - /tʃeɪndʒ/ /maɪ/ /maɪnd/ - To alter one's opinion or decision about something. |
|  | Order - /ˈɔːdər/ - A request made by a customer for goods or services. |
|  | Already - /ɔːlˈrɛdi/ - By now; previously. |
|  | **Discovery** - /dɪˈskʌvəri/ - The act or process of finding or learning something new. |
|  | **Customer/client** - /ˈkʌstəmər/ /ˈklaɪənt/ - A person or organization that buys goods or services from a store or business. |
|  | Watch / look - /wɒtʃ/ /lʊk/ - Watch refers to keeping an eye on something, while look refers to directing one's gaze towards something. |
|  | Listen - /ˈlɪsən/ - To pay attention to and hear what someone is saying or what is happening around you. |
|  | Hear - /hɪə/ - To perceive sound through the ears. |
|  | Hurry up / in a hurry - /ˈhʌri ʌp/ /ɪn ə ˈhʌri/ - To move or act quickly; to be in a rush. |
|  | Shelf - /ʃɛlf/ - A flat, horizontal surface used for storing or displaying items. |
|  | Dust - /dʌst/ - Fine, dry particles of matter that accumulate on surfaces over time. |
|  | **Nest** - /nɛst/ - A structure or place made or chosen by a bird for laying eggs and raising young. |
|  | Solid / liquid - /ˈsɒlɪd/ /ˈlɪkwɪd/ - Solid refers to a substance that has a fixed shape and volume, while liquid refers to a substance that has a fixed volume but takes the shape of its container. |
|  | End / start - /ɛnd/ /stɑːt/ - End refers to the point at which something stops, while start refers to the point at which something begins. |
|  | Good / bad / bed - /ɡʊd/ /bæd/ /bɛd/ - Good refers to something that is morally right or beneficial, while bad refers to something that is morally wrong or harmful. Bed refers to a piece of furniture used for sleeping. |
|  | **Evil** - /ˈiːvəl/ - Morally wrong or wicked. |
|  | Chores - /tʃɔːz/ - Routine tasks or duties that need to be done regularly. |
|  | **Experience** - /ɪkˈspɪəriəns/ - The knowledge and skill acquired through participation in events or activities. |
|  | **Rude / kind / polite** - /ruːd/ /kaɪnd/ /pəˈlaɪt/ - Rude refers to behavior that is impolite or disrespectful, while kind refers to behavior that is considerate and compassionate. Polite refers to behavior that is courteous and respectful. |
|  | Stare - /stɛər/ - To look fixedly or intently at something or someone. |
|  | Staff - /stɑːf/ - A group of people who work for an organization or business. |
|  | Stuff (things) - /stʌf/ - Various objects or items that do not have a specific name or category. |
|  | Tire / sad / happy / sleepy - /taɪər/ /sæd/ /ˈhæpi/ /ˈsliːpi/ - Tire refers to a feeling of exhaustion or fatigue. Sad refers to a feeling of sorrow or unhappiness, while happy refers to a feeling of joy or contentment. Sleepy refers to a feeling of drowsiness or tiredness. |
|  | **Exited** - /ɪkˈsaɪtɪd/ - Feeling or showing excitement or enthusiasm. |
|  | Active - /ˈæktɪv/ - Engaged in physical or mental activity; energetic or dynamic. |
|  | Lie / Lier - /laɪ/ /ˈlaɪər/ - Lie refers to a false statement made with the intent to deceive, while liar refers to a person who tells lies. |
|  | Care (about) - /keər/ - To feel concern or interest |
|  | **Bother** - /ˈbɒðə(r)/ - to trouble, annoy or cause concern to someone |
|  | **Near / far** - /nɪə(r)/ /fɑː(r)/ - describing the proximity or distance of something or someone |
|  | **Delivery** - /dɪˈlɪvəri/ - the act of bringing something to a person or place |
|  | Sick / ill - /sɪk/ /ɪl/ - feeling unwell or experiencing symptoms of illness |
|  | Ugly / beautiful - /ˈʌɡli/ /ˈbjuːtɪf(ə)l/ - describing the appearance of something or someone as unattractive or attractive respectively |
|  | Marry / marriage - /ˈmæri/ /ˈmærɪdʒ/ - the act of legally joining two people in a relationship or the state of being joined in such a relationship |
|  | Husband / wife / spouse - /ˈhʌzbənd/ /waɪf/ /spaʊs/ - describing the roles in a married relationship or the gender-neutral term for a partner in a relationship |
|  | Tax / paying taxes - /tæks/ /ˈpeɪɪŋ ˈtæksɪz/ - the money paid to the government by individuals or companies based on their income or profits |
|  | Handle / can handle - /ˈhændl/ /kæn ˈhændl/ - to manage or deal with a situation or problem |
|  | **Worth it** - /wɜːθ ɪt/ - describing something as valuable or deserving of the effort or cost required to obtain it |
|  | Area / zone - /ˈeərɪə/ /zəʊn/ - describing a specific region or location |
|  | Each other - /iːtʃ ˈʌðə(r)/ - used to describe a reciprocal relationship between two people or things |
|  | Keep away / close - /kiːp əˈweɪ/ /kləʊs/ - describing the distance between two objects or people or the act of maintaining a distance or proximity between them |
|  | Guide - /ɡaɪd/ - a person or thing that shows the way or provides direction |
|  | Route - /ruːt/ - a way or course taken to reach a destination |
|  | Snow-capped - /ˈsnəʊ ˌkæpt/ - describing a mountain or peak with snow on its top |
|  | Can’t wait - /kɑːnt weɪt/ - expressing eagerness or anticipation for something |
|  | Tour - /tʊə(r)/ - a journey made for pleasure or education |
|  | Sights - /saɪts/ - places of interest or attraction, especially in a city or region |
|  | Fort - /fɔːt/ - a fortified military building or strategic position |
|  | It’s a pity - /ɪts ə ˈpɪti/ - expressing sympathy or regret about a situation |
|  | Flea market - /fliː ˌmɑːrkɪt/ - a market where second-hand goods are sold |
|  | Crafts - /krɑːfts/ - objects made by hand, often for decorative or practical purposes |
|  | Exist - /ɪɡˈzɪst/ - to be present or to have a place in reality |
|  | Cold / dry / wet / hot /warm - /kəʊld/ /draɪ/ /wet/ /hɒt |
|  | Vegetables / fruits - /ˈvɛdʒtəbəlz/ /fruːts/ - Vegetables are plants that are consumed as food and fruits are the sweet and fleshy product of a tree or other plant that contains seed and can be eaten as food. |
|  | Daily / weekly / monthly - /ˈdeɪli/ /ˈwiːkli/ /ˈmʌnθli/ - These are adverbs used to indicate the frequency of an event or action in a day, week or month respectively. |
|  | Yearly / annual - /ˈjɪərli/ /ˈænjuəl/ - These are adjectives used to describe something that happens once a year. |
|  | Even - /ˈiːvən/ - This is an adjective used to describe something that is flat, level or uniform. It can also be used to indicate that something is divisible by two. |
|  | Pissed - /pɪst/ - This is an adjective used to describe someone who is extremely angry or annoyed. |
|  | Let me - /lɛt miː/ - This is a phrase used to politely ask for permission to do something. |
|  | Pocket - /ˈpɒkɪt/ - This is a small bag or pouch in clothing that is used for carrying small objects. |
|  | Mad - /mæd/ - This is an adjective used to describe someone who is angry or upset. |
|  | With – without - /wɪð/ - /wɪðˈaʊt/ - These are prepositions used to indicate the presence or absence of something. |
|  | To mean, to be mean - /tuː miːn/ /tuː biː miːn/ - These are phrasal verbs used to indicate the intention of someone's words or actions, or to describe someone who is unkind or unpleasant. |
|  | To be in a mood - /tuː biː ɪn ə muːd/ - This is a phrase used to describe someone who is feeling a particular emotion or attitude at a given moment. |
|  | Hold - /həʊld/ - This is a verb used to indicate the act of grasping or gripping something. |
|  | Weird - /wɪəd/ - This is an adjective used to describe something that is strange or unusual. |
|  | Gross - /ɡrəʊs/ - This is an adjective used to describe something that is unpleasant or disgusting. |
|  | Stupid - /ˈstjuːpɪd/ - This is an adjective used to describe someone or something that is foolish or lacking in intelligence. |
|  | From now on… - /frɒm naʊ ɒn/ - This is a phrase used to indicate a change in behavior or action starting from the present moment. |
|  | Which / witch - /wɪtʃ/ - These are homophones, meaning they are pronounced the same way but have different meanings. 'Which' is used to indicate a choice between options, whereas 'witch' is a noun referring to a female magician or supernatural being. |
|  | Going for a ride - /ˈɡəʊɪŋ fɔːr ə raɪd/ - This is a phrase used to indicate that someone is traveling in a vehicle for pleasure or leisure. |
|  | Apologize - /əˈpɒlədʒaɪz/ - This is a verb used to express regret or remorse for an action or statement that has caused offense or harm to someone. |
|  | Surface [ˈsɜːr.fɪs] - the outside or top layer of something; |
|  | Gift / present [ɡɪft] - something given to someone as a present or reward; |
|  | Bring – brought [brɪŋ - brɔːt] - to take or go with something or someone to a place; |
|  | Week [wiːk] - a period of seven days; |
|  | Weak / strong [wiːk / strɒŋ] - lacking in strength or power / having or showing great strength or power; |
|  | Fault – fail [fɔːlt / feɪl] - a mistake or weakness / to not succeed or perform as expected; |
|  | Owe [əʊ] - to have a debt or obligation to pay or do something for someone; |
|  | Own [əʊn] - to have something as one's possession; |
|  | First [fɜːst] - coming before all others in time or order; |
|  | Fist [fɪst] - a closed hand; |
|  | Palm [pɑːm] - the inner surface of the hand between the wrist and fingers; |
|  | Church [tʃɜːrtʃ] - a building used for public Christian worship; |
|  | Bill [bɪl] - a statement of money owed for goods or services; |
|  | Mistake [mɪˈsteɪk] - an error or fault resulting from poor judgment or a misunderstanding of a situation; |
|  | Piece of paper [piːs əv ˈpeɪpər] - a single sheet or fragment of paper; |
|  | Peace on earth [piːs ɒn ɜːθ] - a desire or wish for world peace; |
|  | Voice [vɔɪs] - the sound or noise produced by the human vocal cords; |
|  | Sound [saʊnd] - a vibration that travels through the air and can be heard when it reaches a person's ear; |
|  | Grown – up / grow [ɡrəʊn ʌp / ɡrəʊ] - having reached full physical or mental maturity / to develop and become bigger or stronger; |
|  | Bug / bag [bʌɡ / bæɡ] - an insect or small animal that is harmful or irritating / a container made of flexible material with an opening at the top; |
|  | Pain [peɪn] - a physical or emotional feeling that is unpleasant or uncomfortable; |
|  | Hurt [hɜːt] - to feel pain or suffering; |
|  | Looks like [lʊks laɪk] - to have the appearance or seem to be something; |
|  | Freak [friːk] - a person who is unusual or odd in appearance or behavior; |
|  | Inside - outside [ɪnˈsaɪd - ˈaʊtˈsaɪd] - the interior or inner part of something / the exterior or outer part of something; |
|  | Once [wʌns] - one single time; |
|  | Birth / birthday [bɜːθ / ˈbɜːθdeɪ] - the emergence of a baby or other young from the body of its mother / the anniversary of the day on which someone was born; |
|  | Field [fiːld] - an area of land used for agriculture or other purposes; |
|  | Steppe [step] - a large area of flat grassland without many trees, especially in eastern Europe and Asia; |
|  | Forest / woods [ˈfɒr.ɪst / wʊdz] - a large area covered chiefly with trees and undergrowth; |
|  | River: /ˈrɪvər/ - A large natural flow of water that runs through land and empties into a sea, lake or another river. |
|  | Ocean: /ˈoʊʃən/ - A vast body of saltwater that covers most of the earth's surface. |
|  | Sea: /si/ - A large body of saltwater that is smaller than an ocean and partially enclosed by land. |
|  | Mountain: /ˈmaʊntən/ - A large natural elevation of the earth's surface that rises abruptly from the surrounding level. |
|  | Proud: /praʊd/ - Feeling deep pleasure or satisfaction as a result of one's own achievements, qualities or possessions. |
|  | Let's go: /lɛts ɡoʊ/ - An expression used to suggest or encourage leaving or starting something. |
|  | Make sure: /meɪk ʃʊr/ - To take action in order to guarantee that something is done or to verify that something is true or accurate. |
|  | Smash: /smæʃ/ - To break something violently into small pieces, typically with a loud noise. |
|  | Crush: /krʌʃ/ - To press or squeeze something so hard that it is damaged or destroyed, or to have a strong and overwhelming feeling of attraction or love towards someone. |
|  | Sign: /saɪn/ - A visible mark or gesture used to communicate information or instructions. |
|  | Glue: /ɡlu/ - A sticky substance used for joining things together. |
|  | Clue: /klu/ - A piece of evidence or information that helps solve a problem or mystery. |
|  | Head: /hɛd/ - The upper part of the human body or the front part of an animal where the brain, mouth, and sense organs are located. |
|  | Arm: /ɑrm/ - Each of the two upper limbs of the human body from the shoulder to the hand. |
|  | Finger: /ˈfɪŋɡər/ - Each of the four slender jointed parts attached to the hand, used for gripping and holding things. |
|  | Shoulder: /ˈʃoʊldər/ - The joint connecting the arm to the body, or the part of the body between the neck and upper arm. |
|  | Leg: /lɛɡ/ - Each of the limbs on which a person or animal walks and stands. |
|  | Foot / feet: /fʊt/ /fits/ - The lower extremity of the leg, below the ankle, on which a person or animal stands or walks. |
|  | Eye: /aɪ/ - The organ of sight in humans and animals. |
|  | Ear: /ɪr/ - The organ of hearing in humans and animals. |
|  | Nose: /noʊz/ - The part of the face or head through which a person or animal smells and breathes. |
|  | Lips: /lɪps/ - The two fleshy parts that form the opening to the mouth in humans and animals. |
|  | Mouth: /maʊθ/ - The opening in the face through which food and drink are taken in and through which speech and other sounds are made. |
|  | Tooth – teeth: /tuθ/ /tiθ/ - Any of the hard bony structures in the mouth used for biting and chewing food. |
|  | Tongue: /tʌŋ/ - The fleshy muscular organ in the mouth used for tasting, licking, swallowing, and speaking. |
|  | Cheek: /tʃik/ - Either side of the face below the eye and above |
|  | Hair: /hɛr/ - The fine thread-like strands that grow from the skin on the head and other parts of the body. |
|  | Eyelash: /ˈaɪlæʃ/ - a hair growing from the edge of the eyelid, typically protecting the eye from debris and dust. |
|  | Eyebrows: /ˈaɪbraʊz/ - the strip of hair growing above the eye socket, serving to enhance facial expressions and protect the eyes from sweat and other liquids. |
|  | Moustache – beard: /məˈstæʃ/ – /bɪrd/ - Facial hair that grows on the upper lip and/or chin and cheeks. |
|  | Skin: /skɪn/ - The thin layer of tissue that covers the body, protecting it from external damage and regulating body temperature. |
|  | Bone: /boʊn/ - A rigid organ that forms part of the skeleton of vertebrates. |
|  | Blood: /blʌd/ - The red liquid that circulates in the arteries and veins of humans and other vertebrate animals, carrying oxygen and nutrients to the body's tissues and removing waste products. |
|  | Vein: /veɪn/ - A blood vessel that carries blood to the heart. |
|  | Chest – breast: /tʃɛst/ – /brɛst/ - The front part of the body between the neck and the abdomen, containing the heart and lungs in the chest and mammary glands in the breast. |
|  | Back: /bæk/ - The rear surface of the human body, opposite the front or stomach. |
|  | Neck: /nɛk/ - The part of the body that joins the head to the shoulders and spine. |
|  | Throat: /θroʊt/ - The passage that leads from the mouth and nose to the stomach and lungs, carrying food, air, and sound. |
|  | Chin: /tʃɪn/ - The protruding part of the face below the mouth. |
|  | Forehead – back of the head: /ˈfɔrˌhɛd/ – /bæk ʌv ðə hɛd/ - The part of the face above the eyebrows and the back part of the head respectively. |
|  | Nails: /neɪlz/ - The hard coverings on the upper surface of the fingers and toes. |
|  | Knee: /ni/ - The joint between the thigh and the lower leg in humans. |
|  | Toe: /toʊ/ - One of the five digits on the end of the foot. |
|  | House: /haʊs/ - A building for human habitation, especially one that is lived in by a family or small group of people. |
|  | Home: /hoʊm/ - The place where one lives permanently, especially as a member of a family or household. |
|  | Building: /ˈbɪldɪŋ/ - A structure that has a roof and walls, such as a house, school, or factory. |
|  | Roof: /ruːf/ - The uppermost part of a building that covers and protects the space below it from the weather. |
|  | Ceiling: /ˈsilɪŋ/ - The upper interior surface of a room or other enclosed space. |
|  | Wall: /wɔl/ - A continuous vertical structure that encloses or divides a space, typically made of brick, stone, or concrete. |
|  | Floor: /flɔr/ - The lower surface of a room, on which people walk. |
|  | Door handle: /dɔr ˈhændəl/ - A lever or knob used to open or close a door. |
|  | Mirror: /ˈmɪrər/ - A reflective surface, typically made of glass, that reflects an image of the person or object in front of it. |
|  | Wallpaper: /ˈwɔːlˌpeɪpər/ - decorative paper for covering walls. |
|  | Window sill: /ˈwɪndəʊ sɪl/ - a horizontal ledge or shelf below a window. |
|  | Glass: /ɡlæs/ - a hard, brittle substance, typically transparent or translucent, made by fusing sand with soda, lime, and sometimes other ingredients. |
|  | Battery: /ˈbætəri/ - a container consisting of one or more cells, in which chemical energy is converted into electricity and used as a source of power. |
|  | Radiator: /ˈreɪdiˌeɪtər/ - a device for heating a room consisting of a metal case connected by pipes to a central heating system. |
|  | Furniture: /ˈfɜːnɪtʃər/ - the movable articles that are used to make a room or building suitable for living or working in, such as chairs, tables, or beds. |
|  | Wardrobe – closet: /ˈwɔːdrəʊb/ - a tall cupboard or cabinet in which clothes may be hung or stored. |
|  | Shelf: /ʃɛlf/ - a flat, narrow board or surface that is used for placing things on. |
|  | Sofa: /ˈsəʊfə/ - a long upholstered piece of furniture designed for several people to sit on. |
|  | Chair: /tʃɛər/ - a seat for one person, typically with a back and four legs. |
|  | Table / desk: /ˈteɪbəl/ - a piece of furniture with a flat top and one or more legs, used as a surface for working at, eating from, or on which to place things. |
|  | Bed: /bɛd/ - a piece of furniture for sleeping on. |
|  | Stairs – staircase: /stɛərz/ /ˈsteəkeɪs/ - a set of steps leading from one floor of a building to another. |
|  | Step: /stɛp/ - a flat surface in a series, on which you place your feet when you go up or down. |
|  | Lamp: /læmp/ - a portable device for giving light, typically consisting of a glass bulb or tube containing a glowing filament or a gas. |
|  | Room: /ruːm/ - a space within a building enclosed by walls, floor, and ceiling. |
|  | Bedroom: /ˈbɛdruːm/ - a room in which a bed is kept for sleeping in. |
|  | Hall: /hɔːl/ - a large room or building for public gatherings. |
|  | Living room: /ˈlɪvɪŋ ruːm/ - a room in a house for general and informal everyday use. |
|  | Corridor: /ˈkɒrɪdɔː/ - a long passage in a building, with rooms on one or both sides. |
|  | Carpet: /ˈkɑːpɪt/ - a floor covering made from thick woven fabric. |
|  | Flat / apartment: /flæt/ /əˈpɑːtmənt/ - a set of rooms for living in, typically on one floor of a building. |
|  | Long - short: /lɒŋ/ - /ʃɔːt/ - having a great or limited distance from end to end. |
|  | Big - small: /bɪɡ/ - /smɔːl/ - of a great or limited size or amount. |
|  | Fast - /fæst/ - Moving or able to move quickly. |
|  | Slow - /sloʊ/ - Moving or operating at a low speed. |
|  | Wide - /waɪd/ - Measuring a great distance from side to side. |
|  | Narrow - /ˈnæroʊ/ - Measuring a small distance from side to side. |
|  | Deep - /dip/ - Extending far down from the top or surface. |
|  | Shallow - /ˈʃæloʊ/ - Measuring only a short distance from the bottom to the surface. |
|  | Heavy - /ˈhɛvi/ - Having a great weight. |
|  | Light - /laɪt/ - Having little weight or comparatively little weight. |
|  | Loud - /laʊd/ - Producing or capable of producing much noise. |
|  | Quiet - /ˈkwaɪ.ət/ - Making little or no noise. |
|  | Bright - /braɪt/ - Emitting or reflecting much light; shining. |
|  | Dim - /dɪm/ - Emitting only a small amount of light; lacking brightness. |
|  | Hard - /hɑrd/ - Solid, firm, and rigid; not easily broken, bent, or pierced. |
|  | Soft - /sɔft/ - Easy to mold, cut, compress, or fold; not hard or firm to the touch. |
|  | Tall - /tɔl/ - Of great or more than average height, especially (with reference to an object) relative to width. |
|  | Short - /ʃɔrt/ - Measuring a small distance from end to end. |
|  | Strong - /strɔŋ/ - Having the power to move heavy weights or perform other physically demanding tasks. |
|  | Weak - /wik/ - Lacking the power to perform physically demanding tasks; not strong. |
|  | Clean - /klin/ - Free from dirt, marks, or stains. |
|  | Dirty - /ˈdɜrti/ - Covered or marked with an unclean substance. |
|  | Clear - /klɪr/ - Easy to perceive, understand, or interpret; free from ambiguity. |
|  | Foggy - /ˈfɑɡi/ - Filled or covered with fog. |
|  | Hot - /hɑt/ - Having a high degree of heat or a high temperature. |
|  | Cold - /koʊld/ - Having a low or relatively low temperature. |
|  | Warm - /wɔrm/ - Having, showing, or expressing enthusiasm, affection, or kindness. |
|  | Cool - /kul/ - Moderately cold; neither warm nor very cold. |
|  | Wet - /wɛt/ - Covered or saturated with water or another liquid. |
|  | Dry - /draɪ/ - Free from moisture or liquid. |
|  | Expensive - /ɪkˈspɛnsɪv/ - Costing a lot of money. |
|  | Cheap - /tʃip/ - Inexpensive; relatively low in price. |
|  | Rich - /rɪtʃ/ - Having a great deal of money or assets; wealthy. |
|  | Poor - /pur/ - Lacking sufficient money to live at a standard considered comfortable or normal in a society. |
|  | Polite - /pəˈlaɪt/ - Having or showing behavior that is respectful and considerate of other people. |
|  | Rude - /rud/ - Offensively impolite or ill-mannered. |
|  | Safe - /seɪf/ - Protected from or not exposed to danger or risk. |
|  | Dangerous - /ˈdeɪndʒərəs/ - Able or likely to cause harm or injury. |
|  | Ago - /əˈɡoʊ/ - In the past; before now. |
|  | Snow - /snoʊ/ a form of precipitation that consists of ice crystals; |
|  | Snowy - /ˈsnoʊi/ covered with snow; |
|  | Wind - /wɪnd/ the movement of air caused by differences in air pressure; |
|  | Windy - /ˈwɪndi/ characterized by the presence of wind; |
|  | Sun - /sʌn/ the star at the center of the solar system; |
|  | Sunny - /ˈsʌni/ characterized by the presence of sunlight. |
|  | Cloud - /klaʊd/ a visible mass of water droplets or ice crystals suspended in the atmosphere; |
|  | Cloudy - /ˈklaʊdi/ characterized by the presence of clouds; |
|  | Earth - /ɜrθ/ the third planet from the sun and the only known planet to support life; |
|  | Star - /stɑr/ a luminous celestial body consisting of a mass of gas held together by its own gravity; |
|  | Sun rise. |
|  | Sun set. |
|  | Dawn - /dɔn/ the first appearance of light in the sky before sunrise; |
|  | Dusk - /dʌsk/ the time of day immediately following sunset; |
|  | Freezing - /ˈfriːzɪŋ/ the point at which a liquid turns into a solid due to low temperatures; |
|  | Boil - /bɔɪl/ the process of liquid turning into vapor due to high temperatures; |
|  | Boiling hot - /ˈbɔɪlɪŋ hɑt/ characterized by very high temperatures; |
|  | Rain - /reɪn/ precipitation in the form of liquid water droplets that have condensed from atmospheric water vapor; |
|  | Rainy - /ˈreɪni/ characterized by the presence of rain; |
|  | Ice - /aɪs/ frozen water, a solid form of the water molecule; |
|  | Icy - /ˈaɪsi/ characterized by the presence of ice or very cold temperatures; |
|  | Fog - /fɒɡ/ a cloud of water droplets or ice crystals suspended in the atmosphere at or near the Earth's surface; |
|  | Foggy - /ˈfɒɡi/ characterized by the presence of fog. |
|  | Beach - /biːtʃ/ a landform alongside a body of water, usually consisting of sand, rocks, or pebbles; |
|  | Postcards - /ˈpoʊstˌkɑrdz/ a card with a photograph or illustration on one side and space for a message and address on the other, typically sent to friends or family while traveling; |
|  | Swim - /swɪm/ to move through water by means of bodily movements; |
|  | Dive - /daɪv/ to plunge headfirst into water; |
|  | Float - /floʊt/ to rest or remain on the surface of a liquid; Snorkel - /ˈsnɔrkəl/ a device used for breathing underwater while swimming or diving, typically consisting of a bent tube that extends above the surface of the water; |
|  | Stay - /steɪ/ to remain in a particular place or position; |
|  | Go - /ɡoʊ/ to move from one place to another; |
|  | Tent - /tɛnt/ a portable shelter made of canvas or other material stretched over poles or a supporting frame; |
|  | Sightseeing - /ˈsaɪtˌsiɪŋ/ the activity of visiting places of interest in a particular location; |
|  | Visit museums - /ˈvɪzɪt mjuˈzizəmz/ to go to a building or institution dedicated to the acquisition, conservation, study, and exhibition of objects that have artistic, historical, or scientific value; |
|  | Hike - /haɪk/ a long walk, especially in the countryside or wilderness; |
|  | Eat local dishes - /it ˈloʊkəl ˈdɪʃɪz/ to try or enjoy the traditional cuisine of a particular region or culture; |
|  | Sunbathe - /ˈsʌnbeɪð/ to expose one's skin to sunlight in order to tan or relax; |
|  | Boat trip - /boʊt trɪp/ a journey taken by boat or ship, often for pleasure or sightseeing purposes; |
|  | Souvenirs - /ˌsuːvəˈnɪrz/ a thing that is kept as a reminder of a person, place, or event; |
|  | Relax - /rɪˈlæks/ to become less tense or anxious and to rest or engage in leisure activities; |
|  | Ski - /ski/ to glide over snow on narrow strips of wood or plastic; |
|  | Skiing - /ˈskiɪŋ/ the sport or activity of skiing; |
|  | Sky - /skaɪ/ the region of the atmosphere and outer space seen from the earth; |
|  | Look for - /lʊk fɔr/ to try to find something; |
|  | Present - /ˈprɛzənt/ existing or occurring now; |
|  | Past - /pæst/ gone by in time and no longer existing; |
|  | Success - /səkˈsɛs/ the achievement of something desired, planned, or attempted; |
|  | Fail - /feɪl/ to be unsuccessful in achieving one's goal or to fall short of expectations; |
|  | Together - /təˈɡɛðər/ in company or in association with others; |
|  | Expensive - /ɪkˈspɛnsɪv/ costing a lot of money; |
|  | Guess - /ɡɛs/ to form an opinion or estimate without certain knowledge; |
|  | Gorgeous - /ˈɡɔrʤəs/ very beautiful or attractive; |
|  | Half-price - /hæf praɪs/ costing or sold for half of the usual price; |
|  | Full price - /fʊl praɪs/ the regular or non-discounted price of a product or service; |
|  | Match - /mætʃ/ to be harmonious or compatible with something else; |
|  | Much - /mʌtʃ/ a large quantity or amount of something; |
|  | Full - /fʊl/ containing or holding as much or as many as possible; |
|  | Fool - /fuːl/ a person who lacks good sense or judgment. |
|  | Continue - /kənˈtɪnjuː/ to keep going, to proceed without stopping or pausing. |
| Kitchen / food | |
|  | Cook - /kʊk/ - to prepare food by heating it in some way, such as baking, frying, or boiling. |
|  | Eat - /iːt/ - to consume food through the mouth and swallow it. |
|  | Meal - /miːl/ - a serving of food eaten at a specific time of day, typically breakfast, lunch, or dinner. |
|  | Dish - /dɪʃ/ - a specific food preparation that is usually served on a plate or in a bowl. |
|  | Recipe - /ˈrɛsɪpi/ - a set of instructions for preparing a specific dish or meal. |
|  | Ingredient - /ɪnˈɡriːdiənt/ - any of the individual foods or components used to make a dish or meal. |
|  | Flavor - /ˈfleɪvər/ - the distinctive taste and/or smell of a food or drink. |
|  | Spice - /spaɪs/ - a substance that is used to add flavor to food, often obtained from the seeds, fruit, or bark of a plant. |
|  | Taste - /teɪst/ - the sensation that results when food or drink is placed on the tongue. |
|  | Serve - /sərv/ - to distribute or provide food or drink to someone. |
|  | Bake - /beɪk/ - to cook food in an oven, using dry heat. |
|  | Fry - /fraɪ/ - to cook food in hot oil or fat, often in a pan or deep fryer. |
|  | Boil - /bɔɪl/ - to cook food in boiling water or other liquid. |
|  | Roast - /roʊst/ - to cook food, especially meat, by exposing it to dry heat in an oven or over an open flame. |
|  | Grill - /ɡrɪl/ - to cook food on a grill or over an open flame. |
|  | Simmer - /ˈsɪmər/ - to cook food gently in a liquid just below the boiling point. |
|  | Chop - /tʃɑp/ - to cut food into small pieces with a knife or other cutting tool. |
|  | Mix - /mɪks/ - to combine two or more ingredients together. |
|  | Stir - /stɜr/ - to mix ingredients by moving a spoon or other utensil around in a circular motion. |
|  | Blender - /ˈblɛndər/ - an electric kitchen appliance used for blending or pureeing food. |
|  | Oven - /ˈʌvən/ - a cooking appliance that is used to bake, roast, or broil food. |
|  | Microwave - /ˈmaɪkrəweɪv/ - an electric kitchen appliance that uses high-frequency electromagnetic waves to heat or cook food quickly. |
|  | Pan - /pæn/ - a shallow, flat-bottomed cooking vessel used for frying, sautéing, or searing food. |
|  | Pot - /pɑt/ - a deep, cylindrical cooking vessel used for boiling, stewing, or cooking food in liquid. |
|  | Frying pan - /ˈfraɪɪŋ pæn/ - a shallow pan with a long handle, used for frying food. |
|  | Cutting board - /ˈkʌtɪŋ bɔːrd/ - a flat board used for cutting food, typically made of wood or plastic. |
|  | Utensils - /juːˈtɛnsəlz/ - tools used for cooking, serving, and eating food, such as knives, forks, spoons, and spatulas. |
|  | Plate - /pleɪt/ - a flat dish that is used to serve food, typically made of ceramic or glass. |
|  | Fork - /fɔːrk/ - a utensil with two or more prongs, used for picking up and eating food. |
|  | Appetizer - /ˈæpɪtaɪzər/ - a small dish served before the main course of a meal, typically to stimulate the appetite. |
|  | Main course - /meɪn kɔːrs/ - the primary dish of a meal, usually consisting of meat, fish, or a vegetarian alternative. |
|  | Side dish - /saɪd dɪʃ/ - a smaller dish served alongside the main course of a meal, typically consisting of vegetables or starches. |
|  | Dessert - /dɪˈzɜːrt/ - a sweet dish served after the main course of a meal. |
|  | Snack - /snæk/ - a small amount of food eaten between meals or as a light meal. |
|  | Entree - /ˈɑːntreɪ/ - the main course of a meal, often used to refer to the American usage of the term. |
|  | Salad - /ˈsæləd/ - a dish of mixed vegetables or fruits, often served with a dressing. |
|  | Soup - /suːp/ - a liquid dish typically made by cooking meat, vegetables, or grains in stock or water. |
|  | Stew - /stjuː/ - a dish of meat or vegetables cooked slowly in liquid, often with herbs and spices. |
|  | Casserole - /ˈkæsərəʊl/ - a dish of meat, vegetables, and sometimes pasta or rice, baked in a deep dish. |
|  | Sandwich - /ˈsændwɪtʃ/ - a dish consisting of two or more slices of bread with a filling of meat, cheese, or vegetables. |
|  | Burger - /ˈbɜːrɡər/ - a dish consisting of a cooked patty of ground meat served on a bun with various toppings. |
|  | Pizza - /ˈpiːtsə/ - a dish consisting of a flatbread base topped with tomato sauce, cheese, and various toppings, baked in an oven. |
|  | Pasta - /ˈpæstə/ - a dish consisting of dough made from flour, eggs, and water, often served with a sauce. |
|  | Rice - /raɪs/ - a cereal grain that is a staple food in many parts of the world, often served as a side dish. |
|  | Noodles - /ˈnuːdlz/ - a food made from unleavened dough, typically eaten in soup or with sauce. |
|  | Seafood - /ˈsiːfuːd/ - any edible sea creatures, such as fish, shellfish, and crustaceans. |
|  | Chicken - /ˈtʃɪkɪn/ - a domesticated bird kept for its eggs or meat, often used in a variety of dishes. |
|  | Vegetables - /ˈvɛdʒtəbəlz/ - any plant that is used as food, typically eaten as a savory dish. |
|  | Salt - /sɔːlt/ - a crystalline mineral used to flavor and preserve food. |
|  | Sugar - /ˈʃʊɡər/ - a sweet substance derived from plants, used to flavor food and drinks. |
|  | Flour - /ˈflaʊər/ - a powder made from grinding grains, typically wheat, used for making bread, cakes, and other baked goods. |
|  | Eggs - /ɛɡz/ - a protein-rich food produced by birds, typically used in cooking and baking. |
|  | Milk - /mɪlk/ - a white liquid produced by mammals, often used as a drink or in cooking and baking. |
|  | Butter - /ˈbʌtər/ - a dairy product made from cream or milk, often used as a spread or in cooking and baking. |
|  | Oil - /ɔɪl/ - a viscous liquid that is used in cooking and frying. |
|  | Cheese - /tʃiːz/ - a dairy product made from curdled milk, often used as a topping or in cooking and baking. |
|  | Tomatoes - /təˈmeɪtoʊz/ - a juicy fruit typically used as a vegetable in cooking. |
|  | Garlic - /ˈɡɑːrlɪk/ - a pungent bulb used in cooking for its flavor and aroma. |
|  | Onion - /ˈʌnjən/ - a bulbous vegetable used in cooking for its flavor and aroma. |
|  | Pepper - /ˈpɛpər/ - a pungent spice made from ground peppercorns, often used to flavor food. |
|  | Mustard - /ˈmʌstərd/ - a condiment made from ground mustard seeds, often used as a sauce or flavoring. |
|  | Mayonnaise - /ˈmeɪəneɪz/ - a thick, creamy sauce made from oil, egg yolks, and vinegar or lemon juice. |
|  | Lemon juice - /ˈlɛmən dʒuːs/ - the juice of a lemon, often used as a flavoring or ingredient in cooking and baking. |
|  | Honey - /ˈhʌni/ - a sweet, viscous substance produced by bees, often used as a sweetener in cooking and baking. |
|  | Cod: /kɒd/ - a type of fish that is commonly used in cooking and is known for its flaky white flesh. |
|  | Beans: /biːnz/ - a type of legume that comes in a variety of shapes and colors, and is often used in cooking or as a side dish. |
|  | Rice: /raɪs/ - a type of grain that is commonly used in cooking, especially in Asian cuisine. |
|  | Yogurt: /ˈjəʊɡət/ - a thick, creamy dairy product that is made by fermenting milk with live bacteria cultures, often used as a healthy snack or as an ingredient in cooking. |
|  | Butter: /ˈbʌtər/ - a dairy product made from churning cream or milk, often used in cooking and baking. |
|  | Bread: /bred/ - a staple food made from a dough of flour, water, and yeast or other leavening agents, often used as a base for sandwiches or eaten on its own. |
|  | Tomato: /təˈmɑːtəʊ/ - a juicy fruit that is commonly used in cooking and is known for its bright red color and distinctive taste. |
|  | Coffee: /ˈkɒfi/ - a beverage made by brewing roasted coffee beans, often consumed as a pick-me-up or as a social drink. |
|  | Lamb: /læm/ - a young sheep that is often used for meat, especially in Mediterranean and Middle Eastern cuisine. |
|  | Chicken: /ˈtʃɪkɪn/ - a domesticated bird that is commonly used for meat and eggs, often found in a variety of dishes worldwide. |
|  | Beef: /biːf/ - the meat of cattle, often used in cooking and is known for its distinctive flavor and texture. |
|  | **Salmon**: /ˈsæmən/ - a type of fish that is often used in cooking and is known for its pink flesh and distinctive taste. |
|  | **Tuna**: /ˈtjuːnə/ - a type of fish that is often used in cooking and is known for its pink flesh and distinctive flavor. |
|  | **Prawn**: /prɔːn/ - a type of shellfish that is often used in cooking and is known for its sweet and delicate taste. |
|  | **Trout**: /traʊt/ - a type of freshwater fish that is often used in cooking and is known for its delicate taste and texture. |
|  | Cabbage: /ˈkæbɪdʒ/ - a leafy green vegetable that is often used in cooking and is known for its distinctive taste and texture. |
|  | **Mushroom** - |
|  | **Grapes**: /ɡreɪps/ - a type of fruit that grows on vines, often used for making wine or eaten as a healthy snack. |
|  | **Cauliflower**: /ˈkɒliflaʊər/ - a cruciferous vegetable that is often used in cooking and is known for its distinctive taste and texture. |
|  | **Juice**: /dʒuːs/ - a beverage made from the liquid of fruits or vegetables, often consumed as a healthy drink or as an ingredient in cooking. |
|  | **Cherries**: /ˈtʃeriz/ - a small, round fruit with a pit in the center, often used in cooking or eaten as a healthy snack. |
|  | **Pears**: /peəz/ - a sweet fruit with a soft, juicy flesh and a distinctive shape, often used in cooking or eaten as a healthy snack. |
|  | **Apple**: /ˈæpl/ - a round fruit with a red, green, or yellow skin, often used in cooking or eaten as a healthy snack. |
|  | **Apricot**: /ˈeɪprɪkɒt/ - a small, round fruit with a fuzzy skin and a sweet, juicy flesh, often used in cooking or eaten as a healthy snack. |
|  | **Peach**: /piːtʃ/ - a soft, juicy fruit with a fuzzy skin and a sweet, flavorful flesh, often used in cooking or eaten as a healthy snack. |
| Animals | |
|  | **Bird**: /bɜːrd/ - a warm-blooded, feathered animal that typically lays eggs and can fly. |
|  | **Cat**: /kæt/ - a small carnivorous mammal often kept as a pet. |
|  | **Dog**: /dɒɡ/ - a domesticated carnivorous mammal often kept as a pet or used for working purposes. |
|  | **Fish**: /fɪʃ/ - a cold-blooded aquatic animal with gills, typically having fins for swimming and often used for food. |
|  | **Horse**: /hɔːrs/ - a large four-legged domesticated mammal used for riding or as a work animal. |
|  | **Cow**: /kaʊ/ - a large domesticated mammal used for meat, milk, or as a work animal. |
|  | **Sheep**: /ʃiːp/ - a domesticated mammal used for wool, meat, or milk. |
|  | **Bee**: /biː/ - a flying insect that collects nectar and pollen, and produces honey. |
|  | **Ant**: /ænt/ - a small social insect that lives in large colonies and is known for its organized behavior. |
|  | **Spider**: /ˈspaɪdər/ - an eight-legged predatory arachnid that often spins webs to catch prey. |
|  | **Tree**: /triː/ - a perennial plant with a single stem or trunk, typically growing to a considerable height and bearing branches at some distance from the ground. |
|  | **Bush -** |
|  | **Flower**: /ˈflaʊər/ - the reproductive structure of a plant, often brightly colored and scented to attract pollinators. |
|  | **Grass**: /ɡræs/ - a plant with narrow leaves that grows in dense clumps or mats and is often used for grazing animals or as a ground cover. |
|  | **Leaf**: /liːf/ - a flattened structure that grows on the stem of a plant and is typically green and broad, serving as the main site for photosynthesis. |
|  | **Rock**: /rɒk/ - a solid, natural substance made up of minerals or mineraloids. |
|  | **stone /stoʊn/ - stoned -** To throw stones at something or someone, or to remove the stones from fruit or vegetables. |
|  | **Water**: /ˈwɔːtər/ - a clear, colorless, odorless liquid that is essential for most forms of life and covers over 70% of the Earth's surface. |
|  | **Sun**: /sʌn/ - the star at the center of the solar system, around which the Earth and other planets orbit. |
|  | **Moon**: /muːn/ - the natural satellite of the Earth, which orbits around it and is responsible for tides and other gravitational effects. |
|  | **Star**: /stɑːr/ - a celestial object consisting of a large mass of gas that generates light and heat through nuclear fusion. |
|  | **Bear**: /beər/ - a large, carnivorous mammal with shaggy fur and a stocky build, found in many parts of the world. |
|  | **Deer**: /dɪər/ - a grazing or browsing mammal with antlers, found in many parts of the world. |
|  | **Wolf**: /wʊlf/ - a carnivorous mammal of the dog family, with a pointed snout and bushy tail, found in many parts of the world. |
|  | **Fox**: /fɒks/ - a small, carnivorous mammal with a bushy tail and pointed snout, found in many parts of the world. |
|  | **Squirrel**: /ˈskwɜːrəl/ - a small, arboreal rodent with a bushy tail, found in many parts of the world. |
|  | **Beehive**: /ˈbiːhaɪv/ - a structure for housing a colony of bees. |
|  | **Butterfly** garden: /ˈbʌtəflaɪ ˈɡɑːdn/ - a garden designed to attract and support butterfly populations. |
|  | **Dragonfly -** |
|  | **Insect**: /ˈɪnsekt/ - a small, six-legged arthropod with a segmented body, often found in large numbers and serving as a food source for other animals. |
|  | **Spiderweb**: /ˈspaɪdərweb/ - a **network** of silk threads spun by spiders to catch prey. |
|  | **Ocean**: /ˈəʊʃən/ - a large body of saltwater that covers most of the Earth's surface. |
|  | **River**: /ˈrɪvər/ - a large natural stream of water flowing in a channel to the sea, a lake, or another such stream. |
|  | **Mountain**: /ˈmaʊntɪn/ - a large natural elevation of the Earth's surface, rising steeply from the surrounding land. |
|  | **Valley**: /ˈvæli/ - a low area of land between hills or mountains, typically with a river or stream flowing through it. |
|  | **Beach**: /biːtʃ/ - a sandy or pebbly shore by the edge of the sea or a lake. |
|  | **Forest**: /ˈfɒrɪst/ - a large area of land covered with trees and undergrowth. |
|  | **Jungle**: /ˈdʒʌŋɡl/ - a dense forest in a tropical region with an abundance of animal life. |
|  | **Desert**: /ˈdezət/ - a barren area of land with little or no vegetation, typically receiving very little rainfall. |
|  | **Snow**: /snəʊ/ - atmospheric water vapor frozen into ice crystals and falling in light flakes or lying on the ground as a white layer. |
|  | **Rain**: /reɪn/ - atmospheric water vapor that falls to the ground in droplets. |
|  | **Thunderstorm**: /ˈθʌndəstɔːm/ - a storm with **thunder** and **lightning**, often accompanied by heavy rain or hail. |
| **VERBS** | |
|  | be /bi/ - was, were - To exist or have a certain quality, state, or condition. |
|  | have /hæv/ - had - To possess or own something, or experience something. |
|  | do /du/ - did - To perform an action, task, or activity. |
|  | say /seɪ/ - said - To express words, thoughts, or ideas verbally. |
|  | go /ɡoʊ/ - went - To move from one place to another or to travel somewhere. |
|  | get /ɡɛt/ - got - To acquire or obtain something, or to become affected by something. |
|  | make /meɪk/ - made - To create or produce something. |
|  | know /noʊ/ - knew - To have information or understanding about something. |
|  | think /θɪŋk/ - thought - To have mental consideration or reflection about something. |
|  | take /teɪk/ - took - To grab, hold, or pick up something. |
|  | see /si/ - saw - To perceive or observe something with the eyes. |
|  | come /kʌm/ - came - To move or travel towards the speaker or the place where the speaker is. |
|  | want /wɑnt/ - wanted - To desire or wish for something. |
|  | use /juːs/ - used - To utilize or employ something for a purpose. |
|  | find /faɪnd/ - found - To discover or locate something that was previously unknown. |
|  | give /ɡɪv/ - gave - To offer or present something to someone. |
|  | tell /tɛl/ - told - To communicate or inform someone about something. |
|  | work /wɜrk/ - worked - To engage in physical or mental activity for a job or task. |
|  | call /kɔl/ - called - To communicate with someone by phone or to give a name to something. |
|  | try /traɪ/ - tried - To make an effort or attempt to do something. |
|  | ask /æsk/ - asked - To request or inquire about something. |
|  | need /nid/ - needed - To require or depend on something. |
|  | feel /fil/ - felt - To experience a sensation or emotion. |
|  | become /bɪˈkʌm/ - became - To transform or develop into something. |
|  | leave /liv/ - left - To depart from a place or situation. |
|  | put /pʊt/ - put - To place or position something in a specific location or arrangement. |
|  | mean /min/ - meant - To convey or signify a certain message or intention. |
|  | keep /kip/ - kept - To retain or maintain something in one's possession. |
|  | let /lɛt/ - let - To allow or permit something to happen or someone to do something. |
|  | begin /bɪˈɡɪn/ - began - To start or commence something. |
|  | seem /sim/ - seemed - To appear or give the impression of something. |
|  | help /hɛlp/ - helped - To assist or aid someone in need. |
|  | talk /tɔk/ - talked - To converse or communicate with someone verbally. |
|  | turn /tɜrn/ - turned - To change the direction or orientation of something. |
|  | start /stɑrt/ - started - To begin or initiate something. |
|  | be /bi/ - was, were - To exist or have a certain quality, state, or condition. |
|  | show /ʃoʊ/ - showed - To display or exhibit something to someone. |
|  | hear /hɪr/ - heard - To perceive or receive sound through the ears. |
|  | play /pleɪ/ - played - To engage in an activity for enjoyment or amusement. |
|  | run /rʌn/ - ran - To move at a fast pace on foot. |
|  | move /muːv/ - moved - To change position or location. |
|  | like /laɪk/ - liked - To have a positive attitude or opinion towards something. |
|  | live /lɪv/ - lived - To exist or reside in a particular place or condition. |
|  | believe /bəˈliv/ - believed - To have confidence or trust in something or someone. |
|  | hold /hoʊld/ - held - To grasp or carry something in one's hand. |
|  | bring /brɪŋ/ - brought - To transport or convey something to a location. |
|  | happen /ˈhæpən/ - happened - To occur or take place. |
|  | write /raɪt/ - wrote - To compose or record written words or text. |
|  | provide /prəˈvaɪd/ - provided - To supply or make available something to someone. |
|  | sit /sɪt/ - sat - To rest or remain in a seated position. |
|  | stand /stænd/ - stood - To be in an upright position on one's feet. |
|  | lose /luːz/ - lost - To fail to keep or retain something. |
|  | pay /peɪ/ - paid - To give money in exchange for something. |
|  | meet /mit/ - met - To come into contact or encounter with someone or something. |
|  | include /ɪnˈkluːd/ - included - To contain or have as a part of something. |
|  | continue /kənˈtɪnju/ - continued - To persist or carry on with something. |
|  | set /sɛt/ - set - To place or position something in a specific way. |
|  | learn /lɜrn/ - learned - To acquire knowledge or skill through study or experience. |
|  | change /tʃeɪndʒ/ - changed - To make or become different or altered. |
|  | lead /lid/ - led - To guide or direct a group or person in a certain direction or action. |
|  | understand /ˌʌndərˈstænd/ - understood - To comprehend or grasp the meaning of something. |
|  | watch /wɑtʃ/ - watched - To observe or monitor someone or something. |
|  | follow /ˈfɑloʊ/ - followed - To go or come after someone or something. |
|  | stop /stɑp/ - stopped - To cease or discontinue an action or movement. |
|  | create /kriˈeɪt/ - created - To make or produce something new. |
|  | speak /spik/ - spoke - To articulate or communicate through speech. |
|  | read /rid/ - read - To interpret or comprehend written or printed material. |
|  | allow /əˈlaʊ/ - allowed - To give permission or consent for something to happen or be done. |
|  | add /æd/ - added - To put something together with another thing to increase its value or quantity. |
|  | spend /spɛnd/ - spent - To use or consume money or time for a purpose. |
|  | grow /ɡroʊ/ - grew - To increase in size or develop over time. |
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|  | open /ˈoʊpən/ - opened - To move or remove a barrier to permit access to something. |
|  | walk /wɔk/ - walked - To move or travel by foot at a regular pace. |
|  | win /wɪn/ - won - To achieve victory in a competition or contest. |
|  | offer /ˈɔfər/ - offered - To present or propose something for acceptance or rejection. |
|  | remember /rɪˈmɛmbər/ - remembered - To recall or bring to mind a past event or memory. |
|  | love /lʌv/ - loved - To have a strong affection or liking for someone or something. |
|  | consider /kənˈsɪdər/ - considered - To think about or reflect on something before making a decision. |
|  | appear /əˈpɪr/ - appeared - To become visible or present in a particular place or situation. |
|  | buy /baɪ/ - bought - To acquire something in exchange for money. |
|  | wait /weɪt/ - waited - To remain in a place or position until something else happens or arrives. |
|  | serve /sɜrv/ - served - To provide assistance or work for someone or something. |
|  | die /daɪ/ - died - To stop living or existing. |
|  | send /sɛnd/ - sent - To cause something to be delivered or transmitted to a destination. |
|  | expect /ɪkˈspɛkt/ - expected - To anticipate or look forward to something happening or being done. |
|  | build /bɪld/ - built - To construct or create something from parts or materials. |
|  | stay /steɪ/ - stayed - To remain or continue in a particular place or state. |
|  | fall /fɔl/ - fell - To drop or descend from a higher position to a lower one. |
|  | cut /kʌt/ - cut - To divide or separate something into smaller pieces. |
|  | reach /ritʃ/ - reached - To arrive at or attain something, usually after effort or struggle. |
|  | kill /kɪl/ - killed - To cause the death of someone or something. |
|  | raise /reɪz/ - raised - To lift or elevate something to a higher position. |
|  | pass /pæs/ - passed - To move or go from one place to another. |
|  | sell /sɛl/ - sold - To exchange something for money or other compensation. |
|  | require /rɪˈkwaɪr/ - required - To need or demand something as necessary or essential. |
|  | expect /ɪkˈspɛkt/ - expected - To anticipate or look forward to something happening or being done. |
|  | hear /hɪr/ - heard - To perceive or receive sound through the ears. |
|  | run /rʌn/ - ran - To move at a fast pace on foot. |
|  | start /stɑrt/ - started - To begin or commence an action or process. |
|  | believe /bəˈliv/ - believed - To have confidence or trust in something or someone. |
|  |  |
|  | answer /ˈænsər/ - answered - To respond to a question or request with information or action. |
|  | create /kriˈeɪt/ - created - To make or bring something into existence. |
|  | plant /plænt/ - planted - To put something into the ground to grow, or to establish something in a particular place. |
|  | fix /fɪks/ - fixed - To repair or make something whole again. |
|  | climb /klaɪm/ - climbed - To ascend or scale something, usually by using one's hands and feet. |
|  | follow /ˈfɑloʊ/ - followed - To come or go after something or someone, or to obey instructions or rules. |
|  | close /kloʊz/ - closed - To shut or fasten something so that it is no longer open or accessible. |
|  | develop /dɪˈvɛləp/ - developed - To grow or improve over time, or to create something new or advanced. |
|  | cover /ˈkʌvər/ - covered - To place something over or on top of something else. |
|  | learn /lɜrn/ - learned - To acquire knowledge or skills through study or experience. |
|  | carry /ˈkæri/ - carried - To convey or transport something from one place to another. |
|  | break /breɪk/ - broke - To separate into pieces or parts, or to cause something to stop functioning. |
|  | meet /mit/ - met - To come into the presence of someone or something, or to fulfill or satisfy a requirement or expectation. |
|  | wear /wɛr/ - wore - To have something on one's body as clothing or adornment. |
|  | shake /ʃeɪk/ - shook - To move rapidly back and forth, or to cause something to do so. |
|  | speak /spik/ - spoke - To communicate with words, either orally or in writing. |
|  | fly /flaɪ/ - flew - To move through the air by means of wings or an aircraft. |
|  | suggest /səˈdʒɛst/ - suggested - To propose or offer an idea or course of action. |
|  | catch /kætʃ/ - caught - To grasp or capture something that is moving or in motion. |
|  | lead /lid/ - led - To guide or direct someone or something in a particular direction or course. |
|  | change /tʃeɪndʒ/ - changed - To make or become different or alter in some way. |
|  | produce /prəˈdus/ - produced - To create or manufacture something, or to yield or generate a result. |
|  | recognize /ˈrɛkəɡnaɪz/ - recognized - To identify or acknowledge someone or something as familiar or known. |
|  | learn /lɜrn/ - learned - To acquire knowledge or skills through study or experience. |
|  | pick /pɪk/ - picked - To choose or select something, or to pluck or harvest something. |
|  | shoot /ʃut/ - shot - To fire a weapon or projectile, or to take a photograph or video. |
|  | jump /dʒʌmp/ - jumped - To propel oneself into the air using one's legs. |
|  | sleep /slip/ - slept - To rest or slumber, usually during the night or in a bed. |
|  | teach /titʃ/ - taught - To impart knowledge |
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|  | - бросить, прекратить, отказаться |
|  | - довольно, вполне |
|  | - почему - потому что |
|  | - часть - целое |
|  | - снова, опять |
|  | - против, противостоять |
|  | - спорить, аргументировать |
|  | - решать, принимать решение |
|  | - бросать, кидать |
|  | - ловить, успевать |
|  | - тренер, наставник |
|  | - наполнить, заполнить |
|  | - чувствовать / чувства |
|  | - чашка / кепка |
|  | - гость, постоялец |
|  | - догадываться, угадывать |
|  | - тратить / растрачивать / экономить |
|  | - вместе / отдельно |
|  | - узнавать, признавать |
|  | - перед / зад |
|  | - впереди / позади |
|  | - случай, обстоятельство |
|  | - заниматься, привлекать |
|  | - в пути, по дороге |
|  | - в то время как, пока |
|  | - внутри / снаружи, вход / выход |
|  | - доказывать |
|  | - обращать внимание |
|  | - вообще, никак |
|  | - подвал |
|  | - дневник |
|  | - ступень - лестница |
|  | - вверх |
|  | - Где? Здесь - Там |
|  | - говорить |
|  | - высказываться, общаться |
|  | - говорить, сообщать |
|  | - говоря о |
|  | - наливать |
|  | - позвоночник |
|  | - кость |
|  | - кровь |
|  | - ежедневно |
|  | - рутина, повседневность |
|  | - делиться |
|  | - отправить - получить |
|  | - сесть на автобус |
|  | - ходить, гулять |
|  | - работа |
|  | - держаться, вешать |
|  | - проводить время с друзьями |
|  | - серфить в интернете |
|  | - принадлежать |
|  | - воздух |
|  | - земля |
|  | - вымирающие виды |
|  | - вид |
|  | - окружающая среда |
|  | - возможно |
|  | - когда-нибудь, время от времени |
|  | - нефть |
|  | - соглашаться |
|  | - желать |
|  | - часто / редко |
|  | - глотать |
|  | - до / после |
|  | - изменить свое мнение |
|  | - заказывать |
|  | - уже |
|  | - открытие |
|  | - клиент |
|  | - смотреть |
|  | - слушать |
|  | - слышать |
|  | - торопиться / в спешке |
|  | - полка |
|  | - пыль |
|  | - гнездо |
|  | - твердый / жидкий |
|  | - конец / начало |
|  | - хороший / плохой / кровать |
|  | - зло |
|  | - рутинные дела |
|  | - опыт |
|  | - грубый / добрый / вежливый |
|  | - пристально смотреть |
|  | - персонал |
|  | - персонал (personnel); вещи (things) |
|  | - вещи (things); всякая всячина (various stuff) |
|  | - усталый (); грустный (); счастливый (); сонный () |
|  | - взволнованный (); радостный (joyful); восторженный (enthralled) |
|  | - активный (); энергичный (energetic); живой (lively) |
|  | - ложь (); лжец () |
|  | - забота (); заботиться о |
|  | - беспокоить (); надоедать (to annoy) |
|  | - близко (); рядом (close by); около (around) |
|  | - доставка (); доставить |
|  | - больной (); болезненный (); нездоровый (unhealthy) |
|  | - уродливый (); красивый (); прекрасный () |
|  | - жениться / выйти замуж (); брак () |
|  | - муж (); жена (); супруг () |
|  | - налог (); платить налоги |
|  | - управлять (); справиться |
|  | - стоит того (); не стоит того (not worth it) |
|  | - область (); зона (); территория (territory) |
|  | - друг друга (); взаимно () |
|  | - держаться подальше (); близко () |
|  | - гид (); руководство () |
|  | - маршрут (); путь (way) |
|  | - снежный (); покрытый снегом (snow-covered) |
|  | - не могу дождаться (); жду с нетерпением (looking forward to) |
|  | - тур (); экскурсия (excursion) |
|  | - достопримечательности (); интересные места (interesting places) |
|  | - крепость (); форт () |
|  | - жаль (); сожаление (regret) |
|  | - блошиный рынок (); рынок вещей с рук (second-hand market) |
|  | - ремесла (); рукоделие (handicrafts) |
|  | - существовать (); быть (to be) |
|  |  |
|  | - холодный, chilly, зябкий |
|  | - сухой, arid, parched |
|  | - мокрый, moist, damp |
|  | - горячий, heated, sweltering |
|  | - теплый, mild, balmy |
|  | - овощи, veggies, greens |
|  | - фрукты, |
|  | - ежедневный, everyday |
|  | - еженедельный, every week |
|  | - ежемесячный, every month |
|  | - ежегодный, , annual |
|  | - даже, even, level |
|  | - сердитый, angry, mad |
|  | - позвольте мне, allow me |
|  | - карман, pouch |
|  | - сумасшедший, angry, furious |
|  | - без, - с, |
|  | - иметь в виду, - средний, |
|  | - быть злым |
|  | - быть в настроении, to be moody - быть капризным |
|  | - держать, - contain, grasp |
|  | - странный, - odd, peculiar |
|  | - грубый, отвратительный, - disgusting, offensive |
|  | - глупый, - foolish, dumb |
|  | - отныне, - henceforth, from this day forward |
|  | - который (из двух), |
|  | - ведьма |
|  | - идти кататься, - to take a trip |
|  | - извиняться, - say sorry, express regret |
|  | - подарок, - present, offering |
|  | - слабый, - feeble, frail |
|  | - ошибка, вина, - , error, fail - провалиться, неудача |
|  | - взрослый, - adult |
|  | - насекомое, - insect, glitch |
|  | - внутри, - снаружи, - interior, inner part |
|  | - рождение, birth - delivery |
|  | - лес, - woodland |
|  | - река, - stream |
|  | - океан, o |
|  | - море, |
|  | - гора, mountain - peak |
|  | - гордый, - |
|  | - пойдем, - come on, let's move |
|  | - убедитесь, - ensure, double-check |
|  | - разбить, - break, shatter |
|  | - раздавить, - smash, flatten |
|  | - знак, - signal, symbol |
|  | - клей, - adhesive, paste |
|  | - подсказка, clue - hint |
|  | - голова, head - chief, leader |
|  | - рука, |
|  | - палец, |
|  | - плечо, - upper arm |
|  | - нога, - limb |
|  | - стопа, - sole |
|  | - глаз, |
|  | ухо |
|  | нос |
|  | губы |
|  | рот |
|  | зуб – зубы |
|  | язык |
|  | щека |
|  | волосы |
|  | ресница |
|  | брови |
|  | усы – борода |
|  | кожа |
|  | кость |
|  | кровь |
|  | вена |
|  | грудь |
|  | спина |
|  | шея |
|  | горло |
|  | подбородок |
|  | лоб – затылок |
|  | ногти |
|  | колено |
|  | палец ноги |
|  | дом |
|  | дом |
|  | здание |
|  | крыша |
|  | потолок |
|  | стена |
|  | пол |
|  | дверная ручка |
|  | зеркало |
|  | обои |
|  | подоконник |
|  | стекло |
|  | батарея |
|  | радиатор |
|  | мебель |
|  | шкаф |
|  | полка |
|  | диван |
|  | стул |
|  | стол |
|  | кровать |
|  | лестница |
|  | ступенька |
|  | лампа |
|  | комната |
|  | спальня |
|  | зал |
|  | гостиная |
|  | коридор |
|  | ковер |
|  | квартира |
|  | длинный - короткий |
|  | большой - маленький |
|  | быстрый |
|  | медленный |
|  | широкий |
|  | узкий |
|  | глубокий |
|  | мелкий |
|  | тяжелый |
|  | легкий |
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